4.2 Grammar: Second (and last!) conjugation of verbs. Pp. 140-141.

Study grammar, pp. 140-141. Note that 2nd conjugation verbs may have infinitive themes in three different vowels, but the present tense non-terminal vowel is always u. You must learn the infinitive and the 3rd plural to know the conjugation.

To conjugate a verb, get the infinitive and the third plural. 2^{nd} conj verbs can have an inf. theme vowel in a, e, or и. If the 3^{rd} pl ends in я or a, you know it to be 2^{nd} conjugation. Remove the -at or -ят of 3^{rd} pl and get thereby the *stem* of the verb. Then apply substitutive softening in the 1^{st} singular only: change stem π , σ > π . Keep p, σ , σ and palatals as they are. Then add σ ; change σ > σ if the preceding consonant is a husher. Example: σ > σ . Stem is σ > σ . Substitutive softening σ > σ . Add σ . σ > σ > σ . Substitutive

For 2^{nd} sg to 3rd pl do not apply substitutive softening. Add μ and the terminal endings.

Mobile stress is predictable from a theme vowel stress in the infinitive vs. stem stress in the 3^{rd} pl: любИть - лЮбят, смотрЕть - смОтрят. In mobile stress, the 1^{st} sg ending is stressed, but the stem is stressed in the other five forms, just as in писать ~ пишут of 1^{st} conjugation.

Example: спать - спят 'sleep'. By 3^{rd} pl you know it is 2^{nd} class. Get stem сп-. Apply softening: спл-. Add ю. Get я сплю. For 2^{nd} sg: сп-. Add ишь. Get спишь. Another example. вИдеть - вИдят. Get вид-. Apply softening, get виж-. Add ю. Change ю to y after a husher. Get я вИжу 'I see'. Stress is on the stem in both inf and 3^{rd} pl, so it stays there throughout.

Here are the verbs for this lesson:

любИть ~ лЮбят	love
вИдеть ~ вИдят	see
смотрЕть ~ смОтрят	look at (+ асс; смотреть
	телевизор)

спать ~ спят	sleep (cf. Eng. hypnosis)
говорИть ~ говорЯт	speak, talk, say, tell; говорить по-
	русски

Other vocab:

слишком	too, too much
тихо	quietly
громко	loudly
конечно	of course
всё слышно	one can hear everything
может быть	perhaps
несимпатичный	unpleasant
её не все любят	not everyone likes it (lit: it (acc)
	not all people (pl) like)

For **Tuesday, Oct 21**. Read text, p. 138-9. Write workbook A \Box \Box , E, \Box and the following exercise for submission.

Figure out the forms, marking the stress with an acute accent:

- 1. I love
- 2. we speak
- 3. they see
- 4. you (sg) sleep
- 5. you (pl) are looking

Find the following forms from verbs we are have not yet learned:

- 6. I answer отвЕтить ~ отвЕтят
- 7. he is studying учИть ~ Учат (я changes to a after a husher)
- 8. we buy купИть \sim кУпят
- 9. I buy
- 10. I bend склонИть ~ склОнят

For Wednesday, Oct 22.

Write workbook 3, Π , Π , Π , Π and Φ for submission. Audit tapes.

Please write answers to q's on the text, 138-9:

- 1. Почему Саша думает [thinks], что нельзя играть громко?
- 2. Знает ли дедушка Круглова, кто Лена? Интересно, да?
- 3. Саша играет только [only] классику?
- 4. Что бабушка говорит о [about] маме Лены? Почему?
- 5. Саша тактичный? Как вы знаете?

For Friday, Oct 24.

If you had trouble with Monday's quiz, try some practice with the genitive of nouns. Recall: for masc and neuter, the ending is a/π , for all nouns in nom -a, it is b/μ , for fems in b, it is μ .

Examples of masc/neuter: пол, пола, дом, дома, музей, музея, учитель, учителя, окно, окна, письмо, письма, задание, задания.

Examples of -a nouns: комната, комнаты, аптека, аптеки, Саша, Саши, Наталья, Натальи, неделя, недели

Examples of fems in ь: дверь, двери, мебель, мебели, кровать, кровати, мать, матери.

Practice: У нас нет (полка, муж, сестра, дедушка, лифт, задание, кошка, рука, мальчик, папа, стадион, улица, книга, диван, мебель, урок, музей, электрик). See me or Alex for help!

See next handout for regular assignment for today.