Beyond the Space Shuttle: Constellation / Orion Program Overview and Michoud's Role in Getting Back to the Moon





Vision... the Future of Space Exploration

- A Renewed Spirit of Discovery: The Vision for Space Exploration
- Announced January 14, 2004
 - To advance scientific, security, and economic interests through a robust space exploration program.

 NASA's Constellation Program established to implement sustained and affordable human exploration of the moon and Mars





Direction... the Future of Space Exploration

- Complete the International Space Station
- Safely fly the Space Shuttle until 2010
- Develop and fly the Crew Exploration Vehicle no later than 2014
- Return to the Moon no later than 2020
- Extend human presence across the solar system and beyond
- Implement a sustained and affordable human and robotic program
- Develop supporting innovative technologies, knowledge, and infrastructures
- Promote international and commercial participation in exploration



NASA Authorization Act of 2005

The Administrator shall establish a program to develop a sustained human presence on the Moon, including a robust precursor program to promote exploration, science, commerce and U.S. preeminence in space, and as a stepping stone to future exploration of Mars and other destinations.



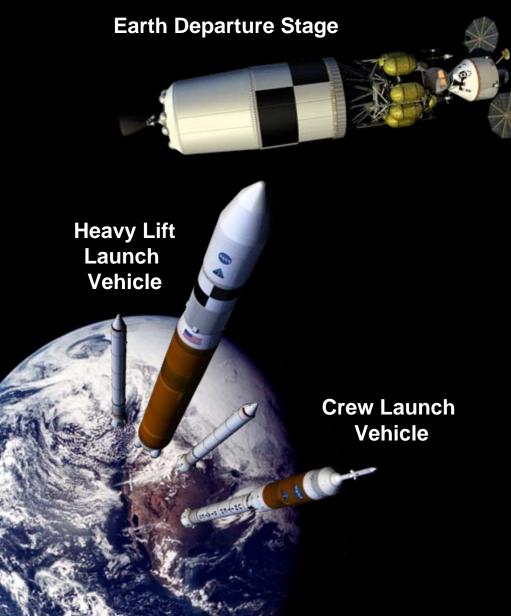
Themes... the Future of Space Exploration



- Use the Moon to prepare for future human and robotic missions to Mars and other destinations
- Project sustained human influence to the moon to enable eventual settlement
- ◆ Expand Earth's economic sphere to encompass the Moon and pursue lunar activities with direct benefits to life on Earth
- Pursue scientific activities to address fundamental questions about the solar system, the universe, and our place in them
- Strengthen existing and create new global partnerships
- **♦** Engage, inspire, and educate the public

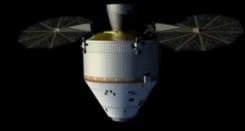


Components... the Future of Space Exploration





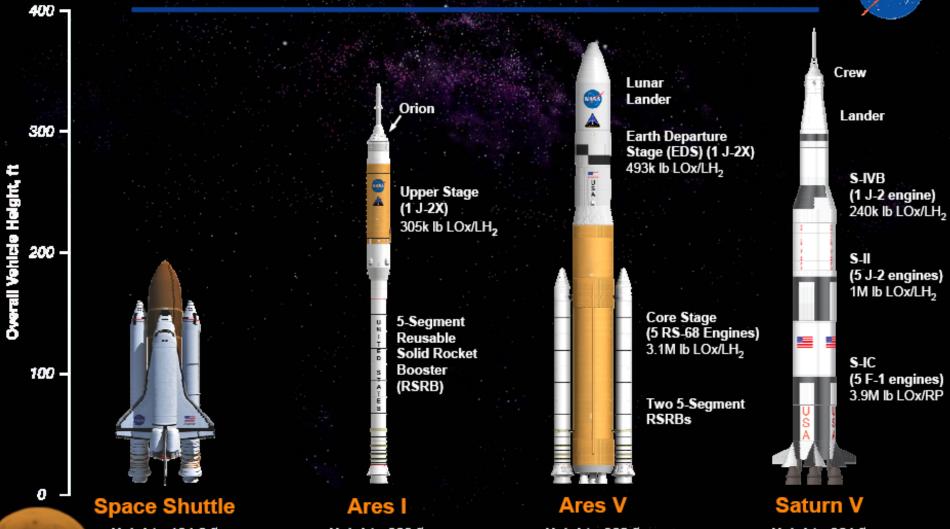
Orion - Crew Exploration Vehicle





Building on a Foundation of Proven Technologies - Launch Vehicle Comparisons -





Height: 184.2 ft Gross Liftoff Mass: 4.5M lb

55k lbm to LEO

Height: 328 ft Gross Liftoff Mass: 2.0M lb

> 52k Ibm to LEO (effective)

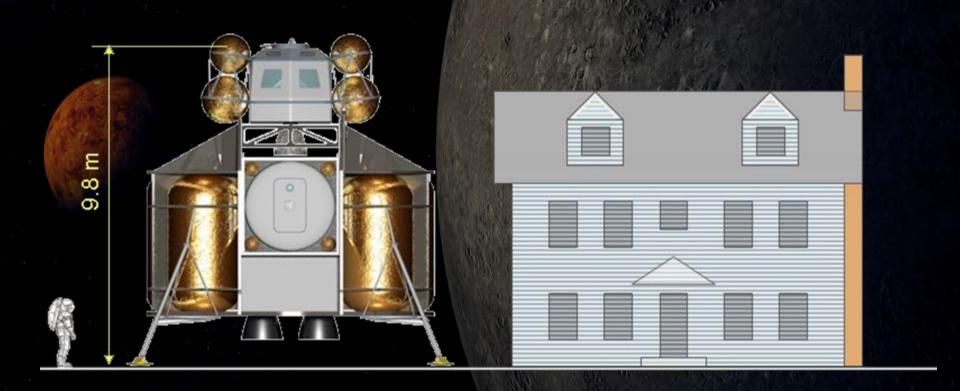
Height: 362 ft Gross Liftoff Mass: 7.3M lb

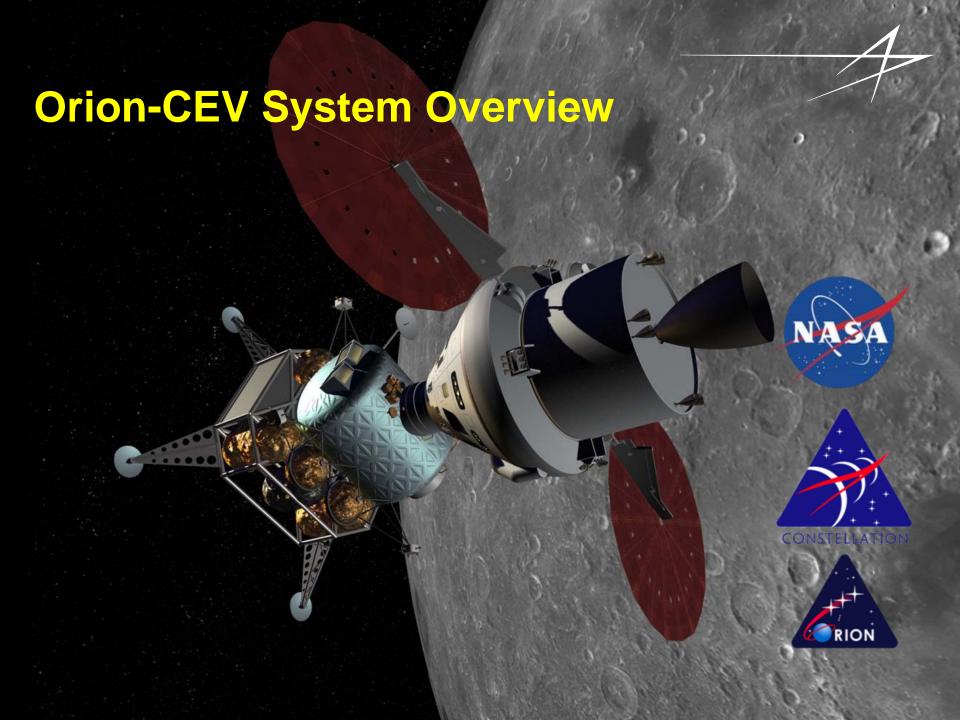
133-144k lbm* to TLI in Dual-Launch Mode with Ares Height: 364 ft Gross Liftoff Mass: 6.5M lb

> 99k Ibm to TLI 262k Ibm to LEO



Perspective This is not Apollo







Orion ... the Future of Space Exploration



- Orion is the next generation crew piloted spacecraft
 - Human access to Low Earth Orbit ...
 - ... and to the Moon and Mars



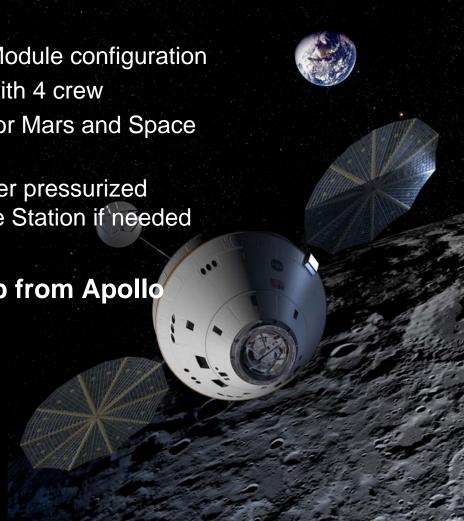


- We have an exciting path to bring Orion to meet the mission
 - Finalize requirements
 - Mature the technology
 - Design the Systems and Modules
 - Produce the hardware and software
 - Test the Systems
 - Prepare for first flight operations



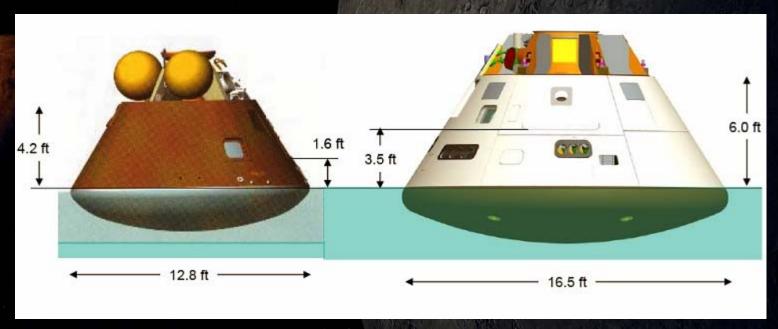
Orion - Crew Exploration Vehicle

- A blunt body capsule is the safest, most affordable and fastest approach
 - Separate Crew Module and Service Module configuration
 - Vehicle designed for lunar missions with 4 crew
 - Can accommodate up to 6 crew for Mars and Space Station missions
 - System also has the potential to deliver pressurized and unpressurized cargo to the Space Station if needed
- 5 meter diameter capsule scaled up from Apollo
 - Significant increase in volume
 - Reduced development time and risk
 - Likely increased landing stability



Capsule Comparison



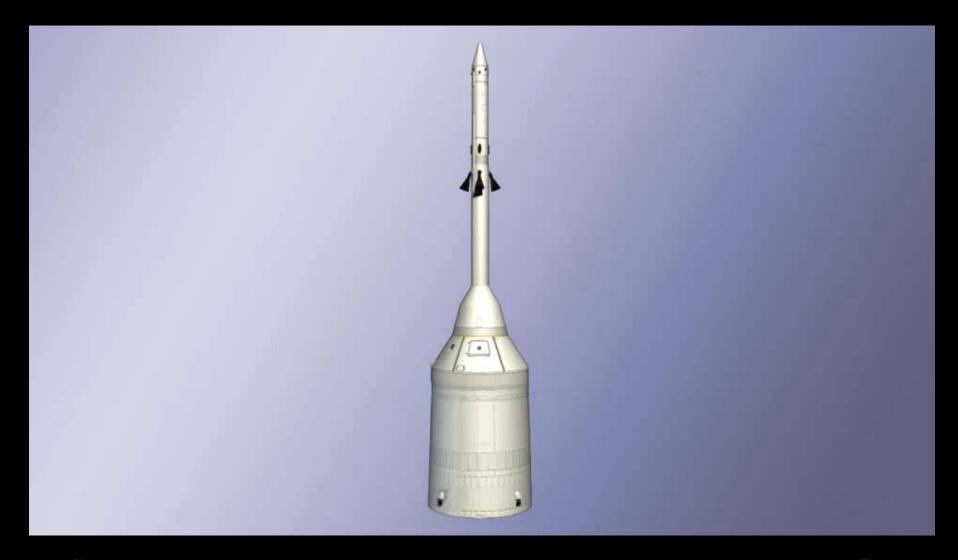


Apollo Diameter: 3.9M

Orion Diameter: 5.0M

Orion Stack Configuration



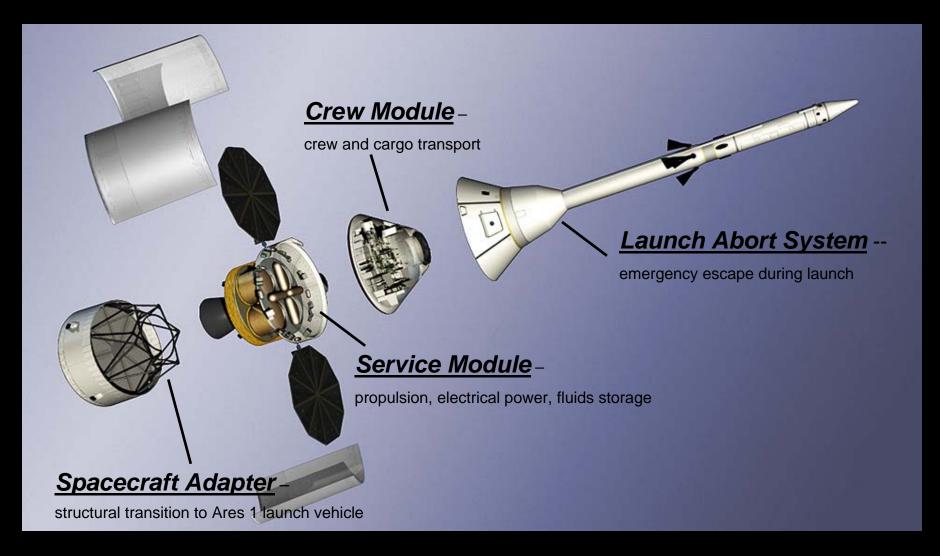










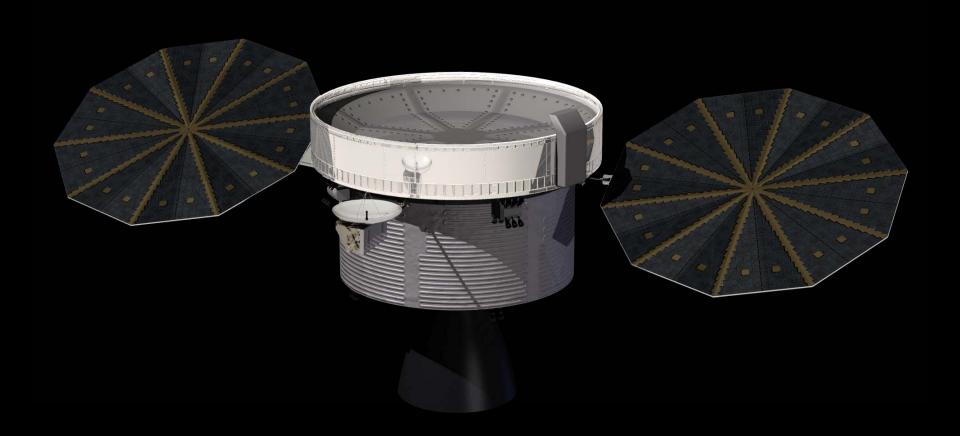






Service Module

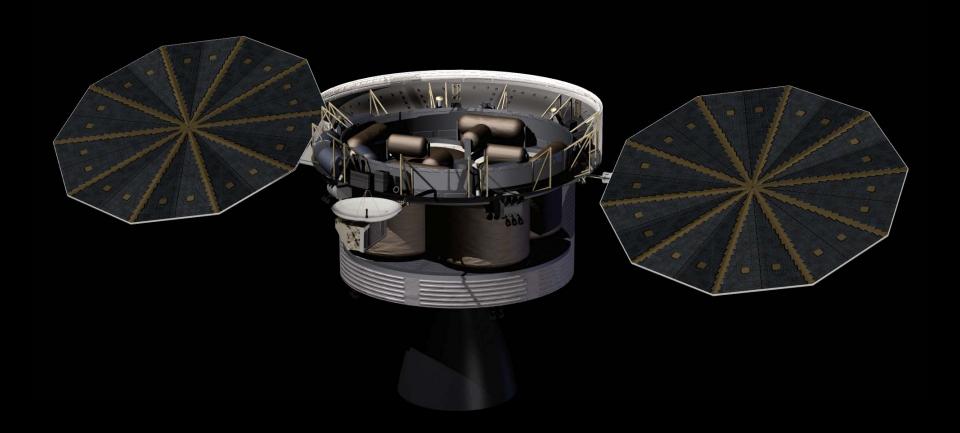






Service Module







Crew Module

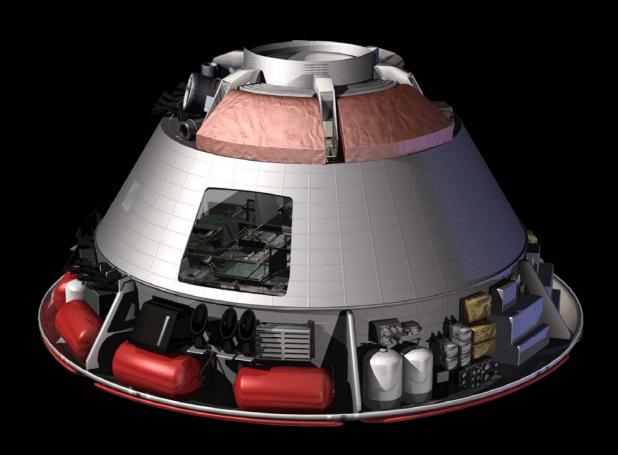






Crew Module







Crew Module

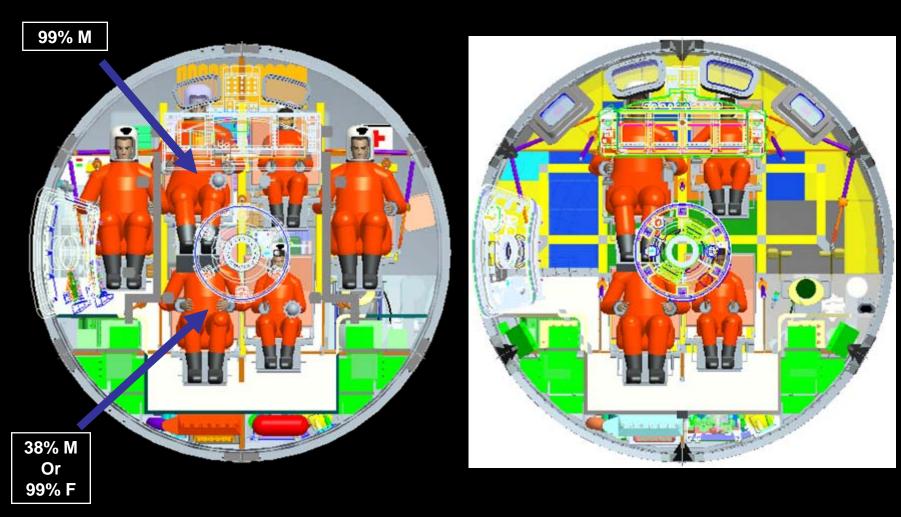






Crew Orientation for ISS



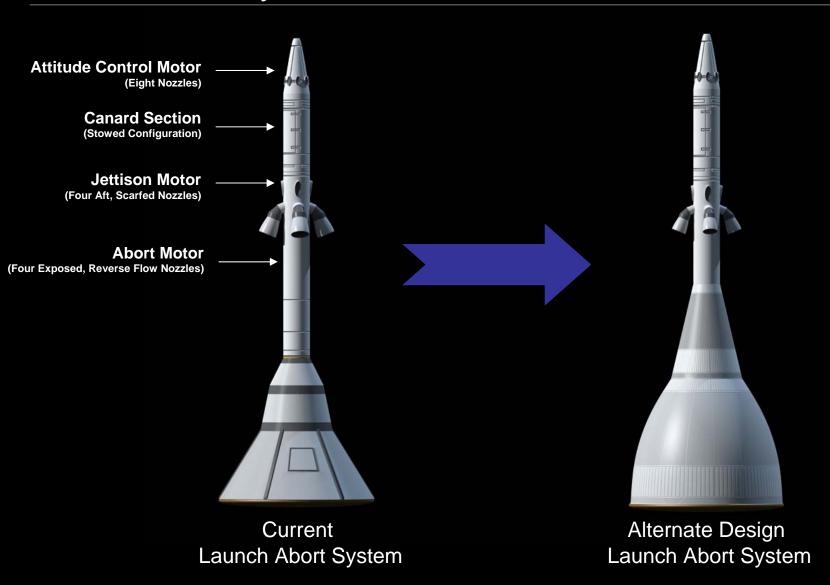


Block 1 -- ISS

Block 2 -- Lunar

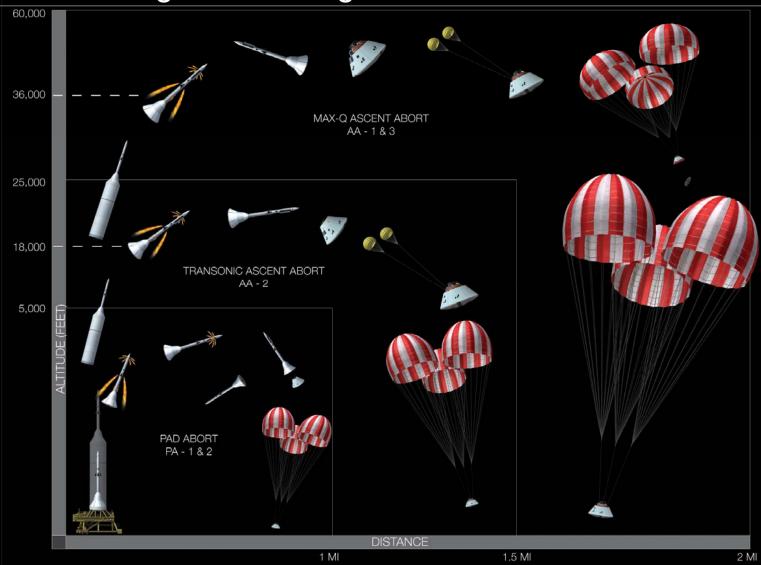
Launch Abort System Evolution





RION

Orion Abort Flight Test Program Overview







Orion Pad Abort #1 (PA-1) Flight Plan





Orion Earth Orbital Mission

- Capable of supporting ISS missions
- Transport up to 6 crew members on Orion for crew rotation
- 210 day stay time
- Emergency lifeboat for entire ISS crew
- Deliver limited pressurized cargo for ISS resupply







International Space Station Mission







Orion Lunar Mission

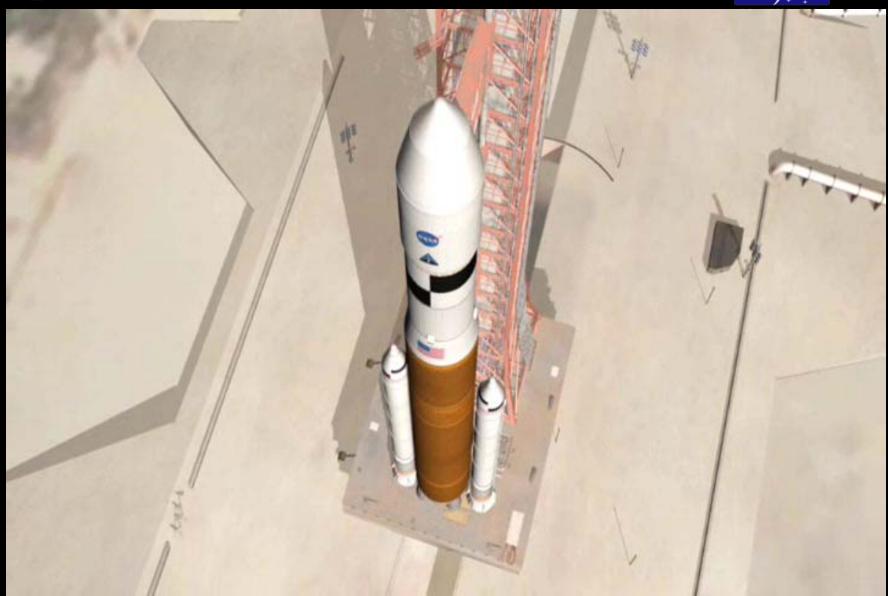




- Orion and Lunar Lander boosted to lunar orbit
 - Up to 4 crew onboard
- Lander descends to lunar surface
- Orion is uninhabited during lunar surface operations
- Lander upper stage returns to Orion in lunar orbit
- Orion returns crew to Earth

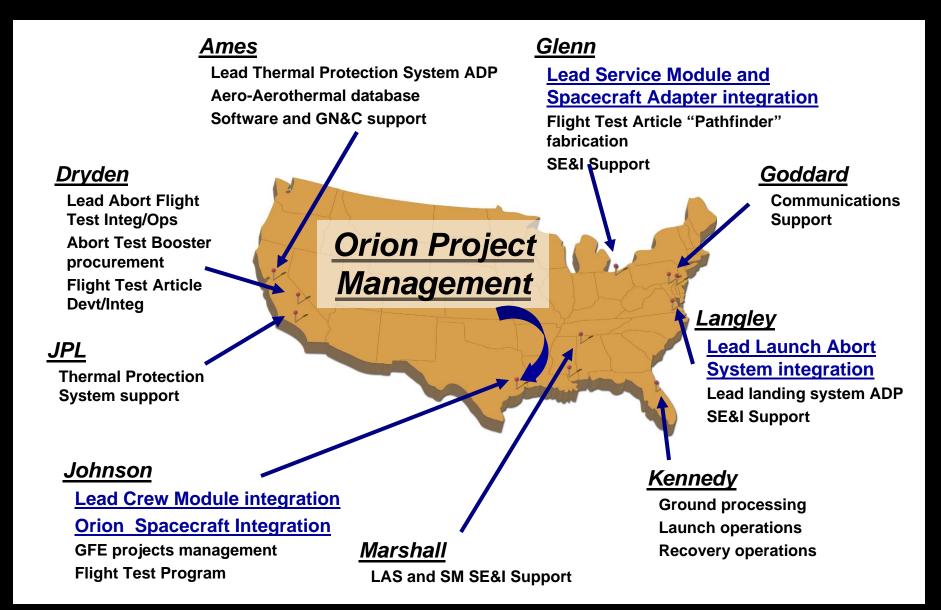


Lunar Sortie Mission



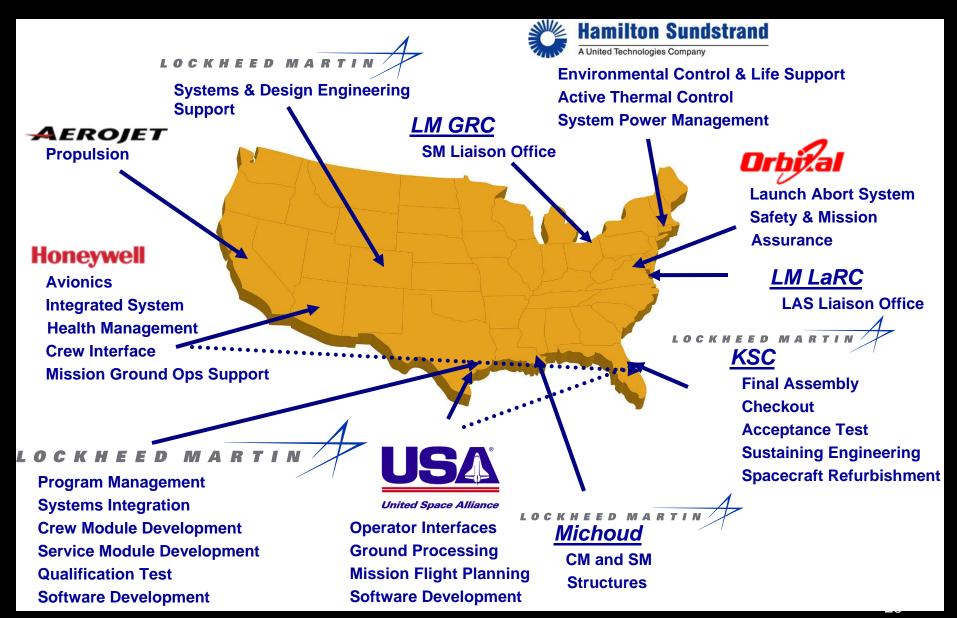


Project Orion NASA Team





Orion Lockheed Martin Industry Team





NASA's Exploration Roadmap

1st Human Orion Flight

